

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: March 31, 2016
Estimated average burden
hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 68634

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	January 1, 2013	ND ENDING	December 31, 2013
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
and the state of t	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATI	ION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mentor Att	ernative Advisors, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS).)	FIRM I.D. NO.
500 West Putman Avenue, Suite 4	00		
	(No. and Street)		
Greenwich	CT	06	830
(City)	(State)	***************************************	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI Mario Lotuto	RSON TO CONTACT IN REGA		REPORT 16-0034
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIFICAT	ION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT V	hose opinion is contained in this	Report*	
Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified F			
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, mic	ddle name)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	California	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			SECURITIES AND EACHANGE COMMISS
☑ Certified Public Accountant			RECEIVED
	•		FFD 1 4 2014
☐ Public Accountant			
	ed States or any of its possessions	k.	FEB 14 2014
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its possessions		DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its possessions		
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	·	k	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OHILIA

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

i, <u>N</u>	fario Lotufo	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	owledge and belief the accompanying financi ntor Alternative Advisors, LLC	al statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of	December 3	1 , 20 13 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	the company nor any partner, proprietor, pried solely as that of a customer, except as fol	incipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
County Subscri this the bas	of Parallel ibed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on day of Parallel Druho proved to me on is of satisfactory evidences to be the person peared before me.	Signature (£ 0 Title
区 (a) 区 (b) 区 (c)	Notary Public sport ** contains (check all applicable boxes) Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equ Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subord Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Information Relating to the Possession or C A Reconciliation, including appropriate exp	ity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. inated to Claims of Creditors. Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. lanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
□ (k) 図 (l) □ (m)	Computation for Determination of the Rese A Reconciliation between the audited and u consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	erve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. Inaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of existed statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of the previous auditors.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II, and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Breards associate Le.

Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York February 10, 2014

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2013

Assets

Cash	\$	29,822
Prepaid expense	-	7,822
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	37,644
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,512
Payable to related party		10,036
Total liabilities		12,548
Members' equity		
Members' equity		25,096
Total members' equity		25,096
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$	37,644

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenues

Fee income Interest income	\$	19,123 6
Total revenues		19,129
Expenses		
Occupancy expense		18,161
Professional fees		26,196
Professional fees		15,825
Total expenses		60,182
Net income (loss) before income tax provision		(41,053)
Income tax provision		-
Net income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(41,053)

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Members' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$	19,069	
Member's contributions		47,080	
Net income (loss)		(41,053)	
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$</u>	25,096	

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)		\$ (41,053)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Reclassification of inter-company payable to capital	\$ 22,080	
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Prepaid expense	(71)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,981)	
Payable to related party	 2,007	
Total adjustments		 21,035
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(20,018)
Net cash provided by (used in) in investing activities		-
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Capital contribution	 25,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		 25,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash		4,982
Cash at beginning of year		24,840
Cash at end of year		\$ 29,822
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ -	
Income taxes	\$ -	

Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions:

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the shareholder agreed to forego payment of the monthly administrative expense. As a result, these costs are reflected as capital contribution. These amounts totaled \$22,080.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC (the "Company") was organized in the State of Delaware on May 27, 2010. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is affiliated through common ownership with Mentor International, LLC ("Affiliate").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, that provides several classes of services, including acting as finder for private investment funds.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i), the Company does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company recognizes its advisory fees when earned, usually after completion of the assignment or upon invoicing of non-refundable retainers or fee payments, in accordance with written terms of its engagement agreements.

Note 2: INCOME TAXES

The Company, with the consent of its Members, has elected to be a Delaware Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership, therefore in lieu of business income taxes, the Members are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

Note 2: INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The Company is required to file income tax returns in both federal and state tax jurisdictions. The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which it operates in accordance with the normal statutes of limitations in the applicable jurisdiction. For federal purposes, the statute of limitations is three years. Accordingly, the company is no longer subject to examination of federal returns filed more than three years prior to the date of these financial statements. The statute of limitations for state purposes is generally three years, but may exceed this limitation depending upon the jurisdiction involved. Returns that were filed within the applicable statute remain subject to examination. As of December 31, 2013, the IRS has not proposed any adjustment to the Company's tax position.

Note 3: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company and Affiliate share personnel, administrative expenses, and office space. All costs incurred for such shared expenses are paid by the Affiliate and reimbursed by the Company in accordance with an administrative services agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company reimbursed the Parent a total of \$20,088, which is included in both occupancy expense and other operating expenses on the Statement of Operations. At December 31, 2013, the amount payable to the Affiliate was \$10,036.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result for transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 5: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") has established the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") as the authoritative source of generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP in the United States. New accounting pronouncements are incorporated into the ASC through the issuance of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs")

For the year ending December 31, 2013, various ASUs issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

ASU No.	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
2011-05	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income (June 2011).	After December 15, 2011
2011-11	Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (December 2011).	After January 1, 2013
2011-12	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 (December 2011)	After December 15, 2011
2013-02	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (February 2013)	After December 15, 2013
2013-11	Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists (July 2013).	After December 15, 2013

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 6: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital of \$17,274 which was \$12,274 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$12,548) to net capital was 0.73 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2013

Computation of net capital

- ·		
Members' equity	\$ 25,096	
Total members' equity		\$ 25,096
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Prepaid expense	(7,822)	
Total non-allowable assets		 (7,822)
Net capital		17,274
Computation of net capital requirements		
Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 837	
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000	
Net capital required (greater of above)		(5,000)
Excess net capital		\$ 12,274
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.73 : 1	

There was no material difference between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2013.

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2013

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2013

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013



Board of Directors

MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of MAA - Mentor Alternative Advisors LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Control deficiencies are noted below under material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes the practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Buardo associato du.

Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York February 10, 2014